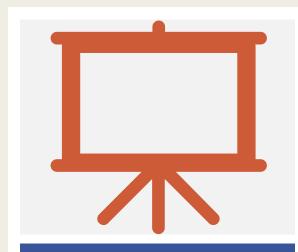


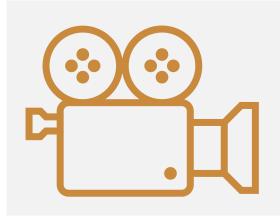
Rural Rental Housing Preservation Academy



June 4, 2025

Housekeeping









All registered attendees will receive the slides via email

This session is being recorded. You will receive a copy and it will be posted on the **Enterprise website**

We will answer questions throughout the presentation. Please submit them using the Q&A, chat or raise hand function

The link to register for upcoming sessions will be shared

LAND ACKNOWLEDGMENT

MISSION AND VISION

Enterprise Community Partners

OUR VISION

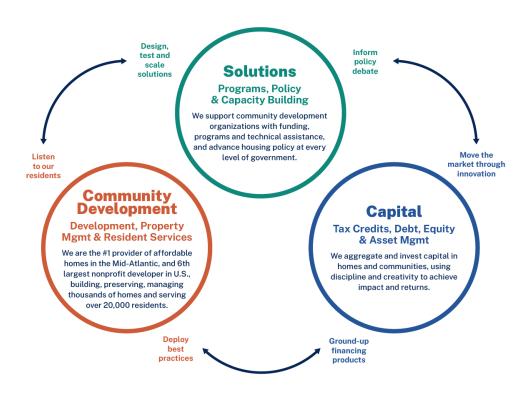
A country where home and community are steppingstones to more.

OUR MISSION

To make home and community places of pride, power and belonging, and platforms for resilience and upward mobility for all. We focus on three pillars:

- Increase Housing Supply
- Advance Racial Equity
- Build Resilience and Upward Mobility

Unmatched breadth, scale and expertise across the entire spectrum of affordable housing...



...creating a positive feedback loop that does it all under one Enterprise roof.

Team: Building Resilient Futures



Mary Ayala

DIRECTOR

MULTIFAMILY OUTREACH – BUILDING RESILIENT FUTURES

ENTERPRISE COMMUNITY PARTNERS



Kiera Quigley

SR. PROGRAM OFFICER,
DECARBONIZATION – BUILDING RESILIENT
FUTURES

ENTERPRISE COMMUNITY PARTNERS



Building Resilient Futures Team

Enterprise Green Communities, Climate Risk Reduction, Equitable Decarbonization, Policy & Advocacy, and Power Forward Communities - GGRF

ENTERPRISE COMMUNITY PARTNERS





Energy burden refers to the percentage of household income spent on energy costs, such as electricity and natural gas bills.

A household that spends more than 6% of its income on energy bills is considered to have a high energy burden.

25% OF U.S. HOUSEHOLDS

BACKGROUND

Energy Burden in Rural Communities

- Rural households throughout the US have a higher median energy burden than their overall region.
- Low-income, Black, and Hispanic households face higher energy burdens than the average household.
- Energy burden is tied to greater risk of respiratory disease, stress, and economic hardship.

Source: ACEE



TABLE 7. NATIONAL MEDIAN RURAL ENERGY BURDEN BY DEMOGRAPHIC				
Demograph	Demographic Rural			
Total	Rural households	4.4%		
iotai	Metropolitan households	3.1%		
Income	Low-income (<200% FPL)	9.0%		
income	Non-low-income	3.1%		
	Manufactured	5.8%		
Housing	Small multifamily (2-4 units)	4.9		
type	Large multifamily (5+ units)	4.6%		
	Single-family	4.1%		
Λαο	Elderly	5.6%		
Age	Non-elderly	3.9%		
Housing	Renters 5.3	5.3%		
tenure	Owners	4.1%		
Race	Nonwhite	5.1%		
nace	White non-Hispanic	4.3%		



Decarbonization is the reduction or elimination of greenhouse gas emissions from a system or process, such as building operations, mitigating the impact a building has on climate change.

Decarbonization strategies create a safer and healthier living environment and can lower operating and energy costs over time.

BUILDING DECARBONIZATION

Decarbonization Strategies

1	Energy Efficiency	Measures that lead to less energy use, including envelope improvements, system efficiency upgrades, or smart technologies.
2	Electrification	Replace fossil fuel building systems with electrified counterparts, including replacing boilers, gas stoves, or gas water heaters with electric alternatives.
3	Renewables	Ensure power is generated by renewable sources such as on-site or community solar.

Decarbonizing in Different Scenarios



New Construction

For new construction, decarbonization strategies can be integrated from the beginning.

It is typically the most cost effective and yields the largest cost savings



Retrofits

Must consider existing building conditions, impact on existing residents, and balance the emissions and costs of using existing systems vs. replacing with new.

> Consider an over-time approach



Portfolio Level

Similar considerations to the retrofit

Allows you to select a starting point where there is the highest need

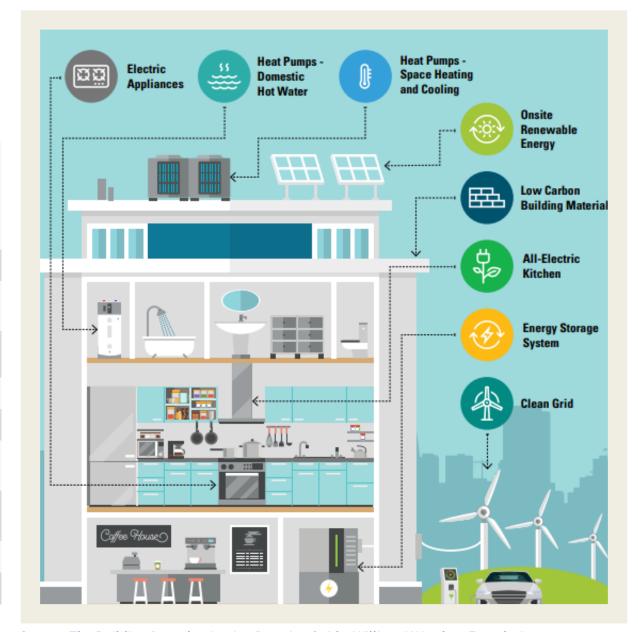
Consider if a property-by property, goal-driven, or strategy-type approach is right for vou

Multi-Family Building Systems

Example systems and strategies to target for decarbonization strategies. Costs and savings will vary on your geography and existing conditions.

BUILDING SYSTEM	STRATEGY	EXPECTED COSTS	EXPECTED ENERGY COST SAVINGS
Envelope	Roof Insulation	\$\$	\$\$
	Windows and Doors	\$\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$
	Air Sealing & Weatherization	\$	\$\$
	Exterior Wall Insulation	\$\$\$\$\$	\$\$\$\$
HVAC	Electrify Heating	\$	\$\$\$\$
	Pipe Insulation	\$	\$
Water Heating	Electrify hot water heating	\$\$	\$\$
	Plumbing fixture upgrades	\$	\$\$
Electric Loads	Appliance Upgrades	\$\$	\$
	Electrical stove	\$\$\$\$	\$

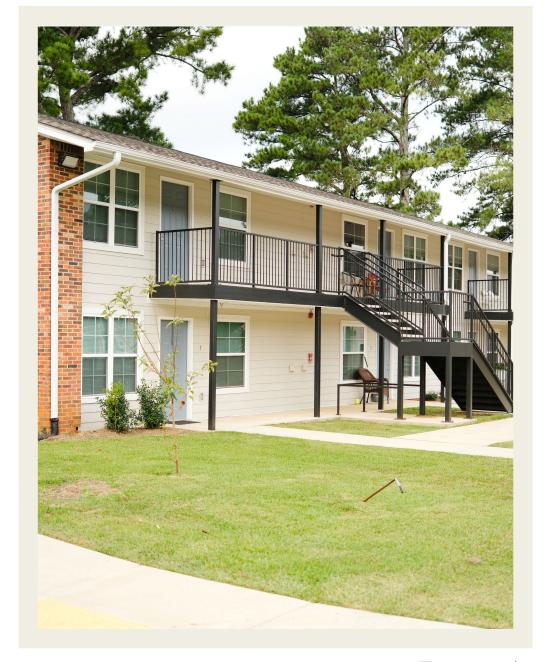
Source: Decarbonization Roadmap for Multifamily Housing, Building Energy Exchange



BUILDING DECARBONIZATION

Zero-Over-Time Approach

- A phased approach to decarbonization, often called Zero-Over-Time, may be beneficial when upgrades are needed, but re-financing events are years away
- This approach allows building owners to sequence upgrades at a manageable pace
- Often, this approach prioritizes immediateimpact retrofits that pay back in the short term, while planning for larger retrofits to align with building life-cycle events, such as equipment upgrades
- Enterprise Green Communities' new Zero-Over-Time Standard positions developers to plan for deep energy retrofits over the course of 20 years or less



Long-term Planning – The Timeline

4-10 YEARS

- Phase 2 priorities based on equipment end of life or cost saving opportunities.
- Ideally starts to integrate infrastructure upgrades and renewable energy production

1-3 YEARS

- Immediate actions based on initial retrofit plans and most cost-effective measures.
- Prioritizes energy load reduction.
- Energy efficiency first.

11- 20 YEARS

- Long term priorities that result in reaching optimal energy and cost saving goals.
- Connects renewable energy production to offset electrically fueled equipment.
- Track performance of equipment and usage goals

BUILDING DECARBONIZATION

Considerations

Contractor Availability and Training

- Finding a qualified local contractor and other experienced consultants can be more difficult in rural communities
- · Partnering with local workforce development initiatives can help address this in the long-run

Upfront Costs

- This is a larger consideration in existing building
- Check for incentives, consider financing while taking into account energy savings
- · Consider a phased approach

Existing Conditions

· Competing priorities or higher priority items

Resident needs

- Utility costs may increase if cooling is introduced or electric rates are not favorable
- Displacement during construction

BUILDING DECARBONIZATION

Funding



STATE OR LOCAL **INCENTIVES OFFERED** THROUGH THE **GOVERNMENT OR** UTILITIES (E.G., REBATES, **INCENTIVES, OR REDUCED** RATES)



FEDERAL PROGRAMS (IRA, HUD, DOE)



GRANTS (E.G., PILOT FUNDING, CAPACITY-BUILDING, BRIDGE FUNDING)



COMMUNITY **DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS** (FLEXIBLE LOANS, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, **PREFERENTIAL** FINANCING FOR GREEN **UPGRADES**)



LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDITS (MAY **ENCOURAGE DECARBONIZATION OR GREEN FEATURES)**

CASE STUDY

556 23rd Apartments - Ogden, UT

Background

- 28-unit affordable housing property
- Existing electric resistance heating system
- Residents complained of high utility costs and limited floor space in apartments

Retrofit Approach

- Upgraded insulation
- Installed LED lighting
- Added programmable thermostats
- Replaced existing heating system with highefficiency, high wall-head heat pumps

Project Cost	Utility Cash Rebate	Annual Electricity Savings	Annual Utility Savings	Project Payback
\$119,596	\$39,278	130,926 kWh	\$15,056	5 years

Decarbonization Resources

Below are a series of resources and tools to help enable communities to implement beneficial decarbonization strategies.

Affordable Housing Decarbonization Hub	This online resource hub brings together a broad array of tools and information – from the basics of understanding decarbonization to finding and accessing financial resources.
The Multifamily Portfolio Carbon Emissions Roadmap Tool	This free tool helps multifamily portfolio owners set portfolio targets for decarbonization and develop a list of prioritized decarbonization strategies.
SAHF Resident Benefits Fact Sheets	Intended to serve as a resident engagement tool, these fact sheets introduce residents to various types of building upgrades, what to expect, and some key benefits that result from the energy efficiency upgrades.
Database of State Incentives for Renewables & Efficiency	DSIRE is a database of incentives and policies that support renewables and energy efficiency in the United States.
Colorado Multifamily Affordable Housing Electrification Hub	This website provides in-depth technical explainers on the various systems that can be electrified in affordable multifamily buildings, as well as a funding/financing database and case studies.

Where Should I Start?

Planning Journey
A flexible approach for affordable housing
developers to support planning their
approach to decarbonization.



PLANNING JOURNEY

Reach out!

Mary Ayala mayala@enterprisecommunity.org

Kiera Quigley kquigley@enterprisecommunity.org

Join our focus groups:
June 5, 1 pm ET (new to decarbonization)
June 6, 1 pm ET (already implementing)

Q&A





USDA RD Transfer Application

Construction Documents

Stages of USDA Transfer Application Process

There are four stages to the approval process to know

Stage 0 – Prepare Unofficial, critical stage

- Concept call with USDA
- **Request MFIS Reports**
- Order appraisal
- Order C.N.A.'s; have As-Is C.N.A. reviewed w/ SOW
- Review 504 Plan; review and ensure current
- Plan SOW; start plans and specs
- **Cost Estimate; involve GC**
- **Draft GC and Architect** Contracts

Stage 1 – Processing

Initial Application Submission

All items to 7-B-1 submitted via CloudVault simultaneously.

Review will not begin until all items have been received.

Additionally, approved items are needed before Stage 2 - UW

- Appraisal
- C.N.A. (As-Is and Post)

Must submit SOW. Plans, Specs. AIA Contracts (drafts), & mgmt. documents for review.

Stage 2 - Underwriting

Underwriting review of Preliminary Assessment Tool (PAT)

Final review of the following:

- Operating expenses
- Rent levels
- Reserve requirements
- Tenant Protection Account
- Insurance
- Cost estimate
- Third party financing terms
- Third party loan documents
- Total Development Costs
- Narratives
- Letter of Conditions

Stage 3 – Closing/OGC

Closer will be assigned and work with OGC to close.

Closer will prepare closing package for OGC review.

OGC will review:

- Organizational documents
- Third party loan documents
- Intercreditor Agreements
- Subordination Agreements
- Attorney Opinions

Upon approval OGC will issue the **Closing Instruction and provide** Agency Loan documents to close.

Initial Application vs. Complete Application

Keep in mind that although you can read and refer to section 7-B-1 in Chapter 7, this does not signify a "Complete Application." Additional guidance and materials must be submitted in accordance with Handbook 1924 - Construction Guide and Handbook 1970 - Environmental Guide.

Chapter 7 – 3560; 7-B-1 **Initial Application**

- ❖ Basic deal items listing 45 checklist items.
- ❖ All items must be in final form and executed.
- **❖** Electronic signatures are okay.
- ❖ Label each item according to the number referenced when submitting.
- ❖ Do not submit piecemeal. Instead submit all completed items at one time. Review does not begin until all items have been received.

Handbook 1924-A **Construction Requirements**

- ✓ Explains the various approaches to **General Contractor and Borrower** methods
- ✓ Requirements for GC Contracts
- ✓ Requirements for Architect **Contracts**
- ✓ Attachments to AIA Documents
- ✓ Development Standards
- ✓ Inspection Responsibilities
- ✓ Drawings, Specs, P&P Regs., etc.

Handbook 1970 **Environmental Requirements**

- **Outlines Environmental Policies**
- NEPA National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
- > 1970-B NEPA Categorical **Exclusions (CATEX)**
- If no footprints are moved or added on an existing 515; a CATEX is not required (subject to Agency review).
- If 538 Loan is involved, a NEPA is required.

MFH_515_514_516_CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS Agency Use Only

For 515, 514, and 516 Multi-Family Housing Substantial Rehabilitation or New Construction

Prior to Construction Submittals			
1	Capital Needs Assessment (CNA)	MFH to confirm when CNA is required; 7 CFR 3560.103; 3560.406	
2	Architectural Services Agreement (ASA)	7 CFR 1924.13(a)	
3	Preliminary Design and/or Scope of Work	7 CFR 3560.58-60	
4	Construction Documents- Drawings and Specifications	7 CFR 1924.5; 1924.13	
Project [Project Delivery Method: Choose ONE method 5, 6, 7 or 8 (only ONE method will apply per project): 7 CFR 1924.13 (3)(1)		
5	Contract Method: Competitive Bid	7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(i)	
6	Contract Method: Negotiated Contract	7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(vii)	
7	Exception to Contract Method- Public Body	7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(viii)	
8	Owner-Builder Method	7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(2)	
9	Preconstruction Conference	7 CFR 1924.6(a)(11)(1)	
	<u>'</u>		
Construction Monitoring Submittals			
10	Monthly Payment Estimate & Application	7 CFR 1924.6(12); 1924.13(3)(1)(iv)	
11	Change Orders	7 CFR 1924.10	
12	Closeout Documents	7 CFR 1924.6(a)(12)(vi); 7 CFR 1924.13(a)	

Application Documents

Items below not in 7-B-1, but listed on internal RD checklist

- 47. Construction Documents Architectural Services Agreement
 - Include Guide 4, Attachment 1 (Attachment to B101, Agreement **Between Owner and Architect)**
- 48. Construction Documents Preliminary Design and/or Scope of Work
 - Narrative/bullet points describing the project scope
- 49. Construction Documents Drawings and Specifications
 - See project manual guidance for items to prepare before **Closing Phase**
- 50. Construction Documents Project Delivery Method
 - Typically Competitive Bid or Negotiated Contract
 - Include draft contract with General Contractor
 - Include Guide 1 Attachment 6 (Attachment to A101, **Owner-Contractor Agreement)**



MFH_515_514_516_PROJECT MANUAL FRONT END DOCUMENTS

Applicant Use

Following is a list of Bidding & Contract Documents which are to be included in the Project Manual for Rural Development Assisted Architectural Projects. A complete listing of Documents & Forms shall be included in the TABLE OF CONTENTS of the Project Manual, which is prepared by the Architect of Record. AIA Documents are to be provided by the Project Architect, in accordance with copyright laws.

Item	Document
Plan Certification	Form RD 1924-25 Plan Certification
Advertisement for Bids1	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 1
Instructions to Bidders¹	AIA Document A701-1997 or current edition
Attachment to Instructions to Bidders ¹	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 2
Bid Form ¹	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 3
Bid Bond ¹	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 4
Equal Opportunity Agreement Owner	Form RD 400-1 signed by owner, identifies EOC requirements for contractor
Notice to Contractor and Applicant	Form RD 400-3 (completed by RD loan specialist and provided to contractor)
Compliance Statement	Form RD 400-6 (current form)
Notice of Award	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 5
Owner Contractor Agreement	AIA Document A101 or approved alternate AIA agreement
Attachment to Owner/Contractor Agreement	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 6
Certificate of Owner's Attorney	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 7
Payment Bond	RD Instruction 1924-A, Exhibit F (or AIA with rider)
Performance Bond	RD Instruction 1924-A, Exhibit G (or AIA with rider)
Notice to Proceed	RD Instruction 1924-A, Guide 1, Attachment 9
General Conditions of the Contract	AIA Document A201-2017
Attachment to the General Conditions of the Contract	RD Guide 1, Attachment 10
Lobbying Certification	Certification for Contracts Grants & Loans (if fee amount exceeds \$100,000) RD 1940-Q, Exhibit A-1
Application & Certificate for Payment	Form RD 1924-18 or AIA Document G702/G703
Contract Change Order	Form RD 1924-7 or AIA G701
Consent of Surety to Final Payment	AIA Document G707
Release of Liens	Form RD 1924-9 or equivalent AIA Document with attached liens
Release of Claimants	Form RD 1924-10 or equivalent AIA Document with attached liens
Builder's Warranty	Form RD 1924-19
Construction Sign Detail	Rural Development template
Labor Standards Provisions ²	RD Instruction 1940-C, Exhibit A
Davis Bacon-DOL Wage and Hour Division ²	If applicable - Form wh-347 or approved alternate.
Wage Rate Determination ²	Department of Labor
Notes:	-

Notes:

July 2022

- May be omitted when an exception to the competitive bidding requirements is granted or competitive bidding not required- must be confirmed with MFH Loan Specialist.
- 2. Used in Contracts with Davis Bacon Wage rates when required by funding type.

× Attachments



Name

Description

- 1924a-Exhibit F Payment Bond.pdf
- 1924a-Exhibit G Performance Bond.pdf
- 🥦 Form RD 1924-10 Release by Claimants (r...
- **P** Form RD 1924-13.pdf
- Form RD 1924-16 Record of Precon.pdf
- 🥦 Form RD 1924-18 Partial Payment Estima...
- 🏂 Form RD 1924-19 Builder Warranty.pdf
- The Form RD 1924-25.pdf
- Form RD 1924-5 Invitation to Bid.pdf
- Form RD 1924-7 Change Order.pdf
- 🏂 Form RD 1924-9 Release of Liens (rev 10-...
- Form RD 1924-9-FMI.pdf
- 7 Form RD 3560-30.pdf
- 7 Form RD 3560-31.pdf
- 🏂 Form RD 400-1 Equal Opportunity Agree...
- 7 Form RD 400-3.pdf
- 🤼 Form RD 400-6 Compliance Statement re...
- 🔁 Guide 1 Attachment 1 Ad to Bid.pdf
- 🕏 Guide 1 Attachment 10 1924-A Guide A201...
- 🔀 Guide 1 Attachment 2 1924-A Guide A701...
- Squide 1 Attachment 3 Bid Form.pdf
- Guide 1 Attachment 4 Bid Bond.pdf
- Guide 1 Attachment 5 NOA.doc
- Guide 1 Attachment 5 NOA.pdf
- 🔀 Guide 1 Attachment 6 1924-A Guide A101-...
- 🕏 Guide 1 Attachment 7 Owner Attorney.pdf
- 🔁 Guide 1 Attachment 9 NTP.pdf
- 🔀 Guide 4 Attachment 1 1924-A Guide B101-...
- RD 1940-Q Exhibit A-1.pdf
- RD 1940-Q Restrictions on Lobbying.pdf
- 🏂 RDConstructionSignLandscape-Biden-Vils...
- 🔀 wh347_Payroll Certification.pdf

Contract Methods

Chose only one per project.

1. Competitive Bid 7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(i)

2. Negotiated Contract 7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(vii)

3. Exception to Contract Method – Public Body 7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(1)(viii)

4. Owner Builder Method 7 CFR 1924.13 (e)(2)



Construction Monitoring Documents

Construction Monitoring is critical during construction.

All draws must be approved through the Agency and any other funders before disbursements are allowed.

- Monthly Payment Estimate & Application
- Change Orders
- Closeout Documents





REGISTER FOR OUR NEXT SESSION

